



BONSAI SOIL MADE SIMPLE

Start here for success!

YOU WILL LEARN:

Why is bonsai soil not “soil?”

Fundamental balance of water and oxygen

Oxygen, water and cation exchange capacity

Soil component characteristics

Particle size

Soil “mix”

Soil preparation

TRADITIONAL POTTING MIX

- NOT FOR BONSAI
- High organic component
- Holds water
- Low oxygen
- Small particle size



BONSAI MIX IS NOT “SOIL”

- Aggregate blend
- Little / no organics
- Higher oxygen content
- Free draining
- Larger particle size
- Holds less water than “soil”



Courtesy of Bonsai Tonight

BALANCE OF WATER AND OXYGEN

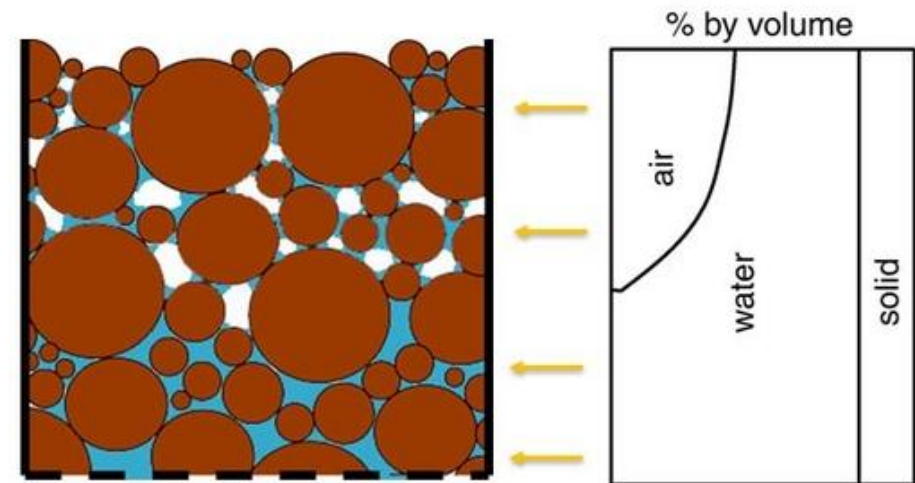
- THE MOST IMPORTANT CONCEPT
- **Air (oxygen) content controlled by:**
 - Particle size (smallest component)
 - Particle Type (porosity)

Water content linked to above:

Particle type (permeability) is as important as particle size

*Each species will have different requirements, but will exist along the spectrum

Soils: solids, water, and air



Pot after full drainage (container capacity)
Corresponding air, water, and soil volume at height

OXYGEN, WATER AND CATION EXCHANGE

3 most important factors

- **Oxygen:**
 - Root systems need respiration, oxygen exchange to prevent rot and “drowning”
- **Water:**
 - Essential for health and photosynthesis
- **Cation Exchange:**
 - Soil’s ability to transfer N,P,K and essential elements to roots

How to control

- **Oxygen**
 - **Smallest particle size**, porosity of components
- **Water**
 - **Permeability of component, size**, container shape and size (perched water table)
- **Cation Exchange**
 - **Intrinsic ability of component to provide N,P,K**

RMBS MOST COMMONLY USED AGGREGATE



Pumice



Scoria
(lava)



Akadama



Turface



SOIL COMPONENT CHARACTERISTICS

	Water	Oxygen	Cation
• Pumice (water holding)	+++	+	+
• Scoria (aeration)	+	+++	--
• Akadama (cation exchange)	+	-- / +	+++
• Turface (water and cation)	++	-- / +	++

*Oxygenation can always be increased with bigger particle size regardless of component

PARTICLE SIZE

- Bonsai aggregate must be sifted to remove “fines”
- Removing these small particles improves drainage, but **more importantly increases oxygenation**
- Even purchased “pre-mixed” soils will need screening to remove these small particles

General rule:

- All aggregate mix components screened:

- 1/4” Largest
- 1/8” medium
- 1/16” Smallest

*Accomplished with 3x sifting through appropriate sized screens. WEAR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

SOIL MIX GENERAL PRINCIPLES

REMOVE 1/16" SIZE FOR:

- Large Bonsai
- Most conifers (unless small or shohin)
- Needs increased aeration
- Decrease water holding

REMOVE 1/4" SIZE FOR:

- Small bonsai, pots, shohin
- Most deciduous (unless large)
- Increase moisture content
- Less need for aeration

BASIC SOIL MIX=SUCCESS FOR MOST

	Pumice	Scoria	Akadama or Turface	Application	Size
“Boon Mix”	1 third	: 1 third	: 1 third	All species	1/4-1/16”
	1 third	: 1 third	: 1 third	Conifers	1/4-1/8”
	1 third	: 1 third	: 1 third	Deciduous	1/8-1/16”
Deciduous Mix	1 sixth	: 1 sixth	: 2 thirds	Deciduous	1/8-1/16”
Deciduous Neil	0	: 0	: All akadama	Deciduous	1/8-1/16”
Shohin Boon	1 third	: 1 third	: 1 third	Shohin	1/16”
Shohin Neil	0	: 0	: All akadama	Shohin	1/16”

BOTTOM LINE



Screened aggregate mix is **well draining with good aeration**



Understanding component characteristics key to establish **balance of water/oxygen** (porosity vs. permeability)



Need to utilize mix that possess **cation exchange** for bonsai nutrient needs



1/4"-1/16" **particle size** is appropriate: modulate based on species, size of bonsai



Some **basic mixes** can be made with this understanding **for success with nearly all bonsai species and sizes**



MANY
THANKS
ARE DUE

- Ryan Neil at International Bonsai Mirai for content and understanding
- Boon Manakitivipart for pioneering and developing standard mix
- Larry Jackel for ongoing mentorship
- Adam Johnson, Will Kerns, Patrik Decicco and Todd Schlafer for friendship and collaboration
- Many more RMBS members, including Paul Koenning for soil understanding